Event Risk Research

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Event Risk, Options, and Risk Management

Motivation:

Dynamic processes, Complex systems and Phase transitions

Lessons learnt and future research

Motivation for Event Risk Research

Era of Dissonance – two scenarios, only one can prevail.

Known date, unknown outcome - elections

Probable date range, unknown outcome – policy shifts

Surprise! (Black swans, unexpected, exceedingly rare, huge impact

Peering through the lens of Complex systems and phase transitions.

What makes a complex system?

Why does complexity matter?

Searching for Anomalies which might lead to price gaps, non-linear behavior, unexpected transitions, etc.

Examining complexity from the science, to applications in economics and finance, to shaping actual investment strategies.



US Dollars per British Pound

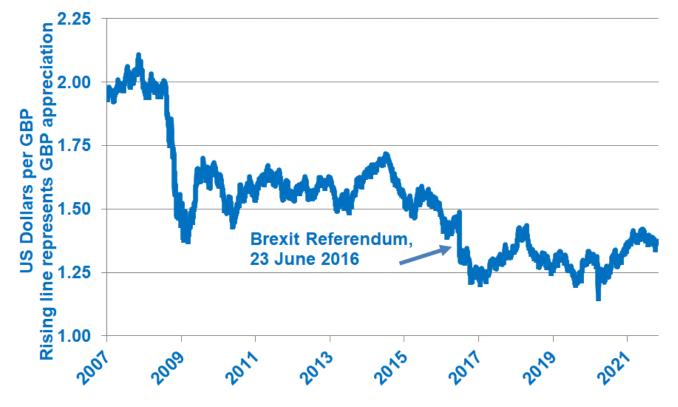
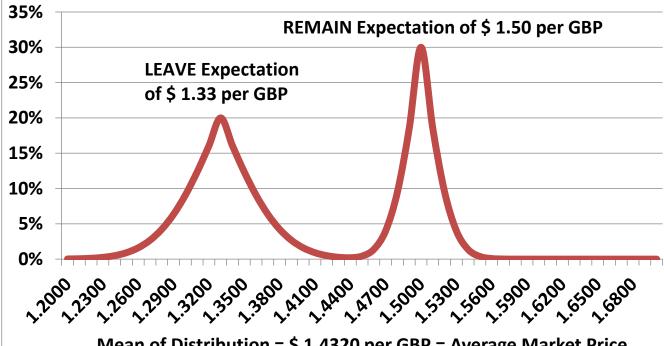


Chart Created by CME Group Economics.
Source: Bloomberg Professional (GBP)

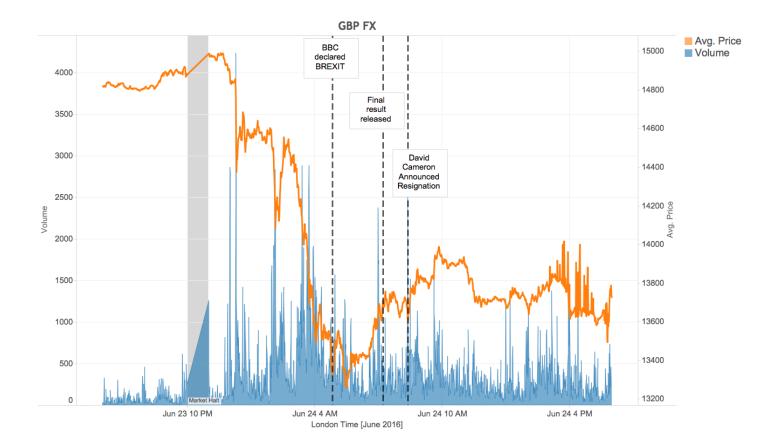
The British pound fell 7% against the U.S. dollar the day after the 23 **June 2016** referendum, and since then has bounced quite widely, although never getting back to pre-Brexit levels.

Pre-Brexit Vote USD per GBP **Expected Probability Distribution**



Mean of Distribution = \$ 1.4320 per GBP = Average Market Price

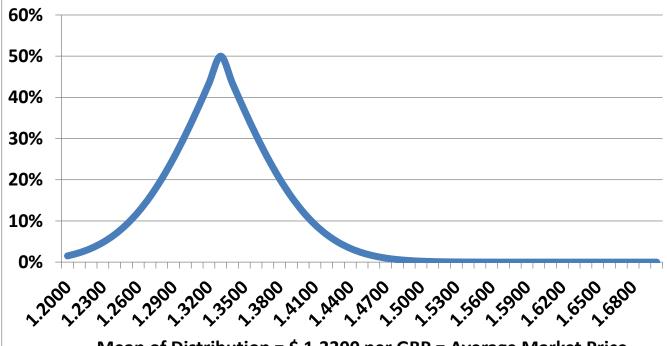
Source: CME Group Economics







Post-Brexit Vote USD per GBP Expected Probability Distribution



Mean of Distribution = \$ 1.3300 per GBP = Average Market Price

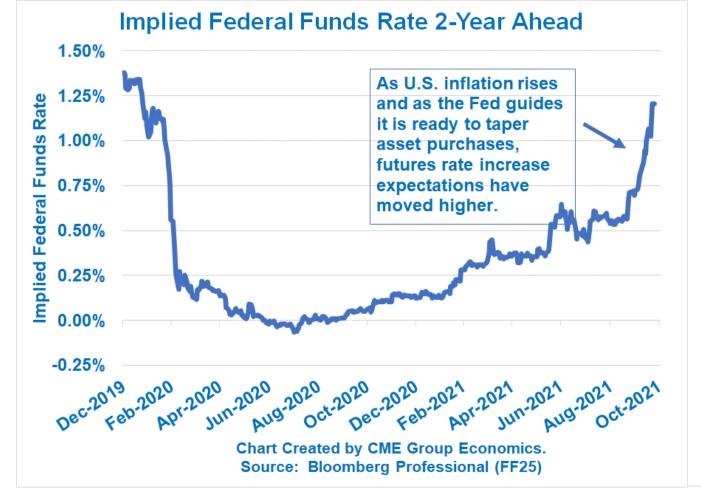
Source: CME Group Economics

Date known, Outcome unknown -

Elections and Referendums OPEC production decisions, Corporate earnings surprises

Probable date range, Outcome unknown –

Central bank policy shifts, Corporate actions, M&A regulatory decisions,

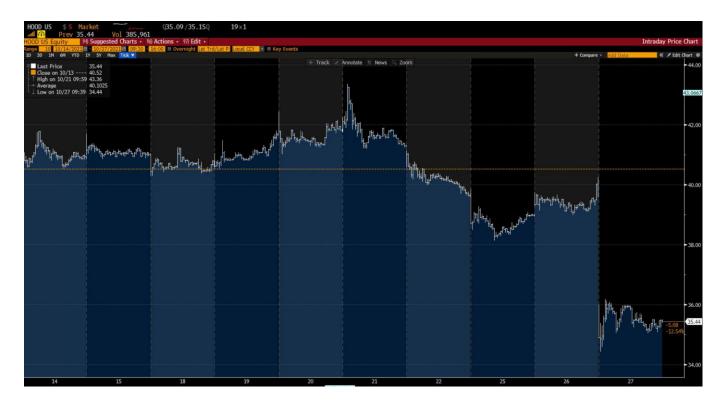


U.S. Interest Rate **Expectations** have come forward in terms of when the Fed will commence raising rates, and the rate rises may go higher than previously thought.

Surprise!

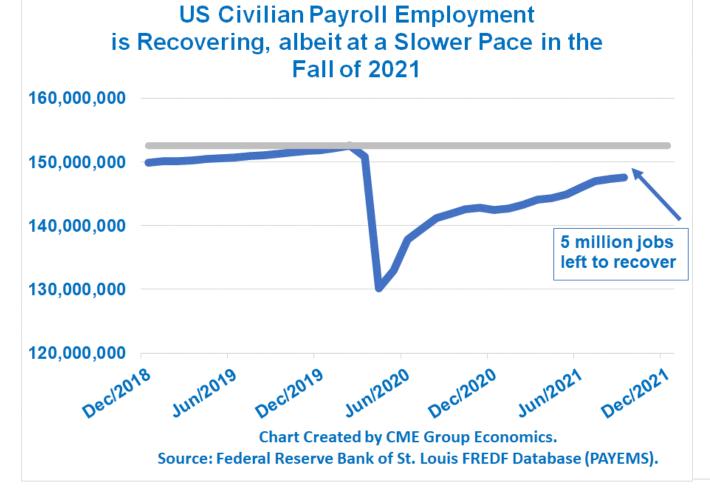
Black swan, unexpected, exceedingly rare, huge impact, then what?

Analyzing the recovery from a shock using a complex system framework



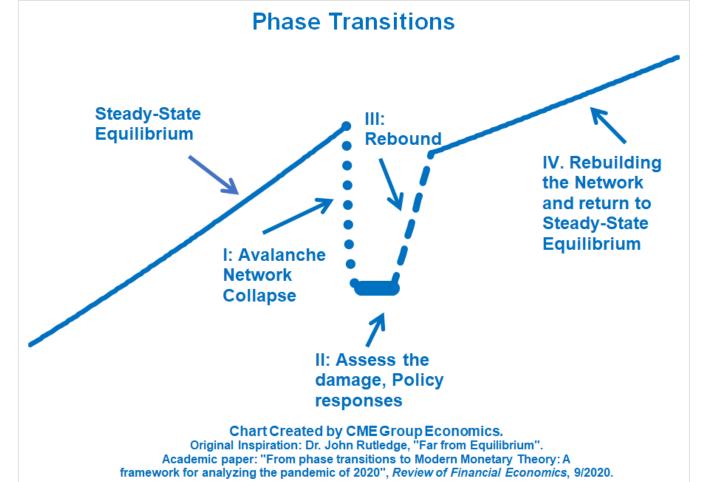
Robinhood stock price fell abruptly as its earnings release disappointed market participants.

Source: Bloomberg Professional (HOOD US < Equity>), 10-day chart.



Jobs left to recover = 5 million.

The last 20% of lost U.S. jobs may take much, much longer to recover, than the first 80%.

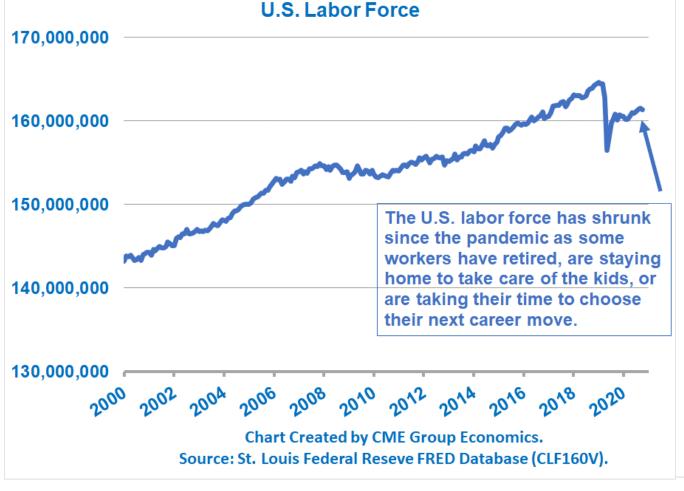


We have found using the physics of phase transitions as a very useful framework for analyzing the Pandemic.

Review of Financial Economics. "From phase transitions to Modern Monetary Theory: A framework for analyzing the pandemic of 2020", Fall 2020.



Labor force participation rate is lower.



Labor force is lower.



Voluntary quit rate is elevated.

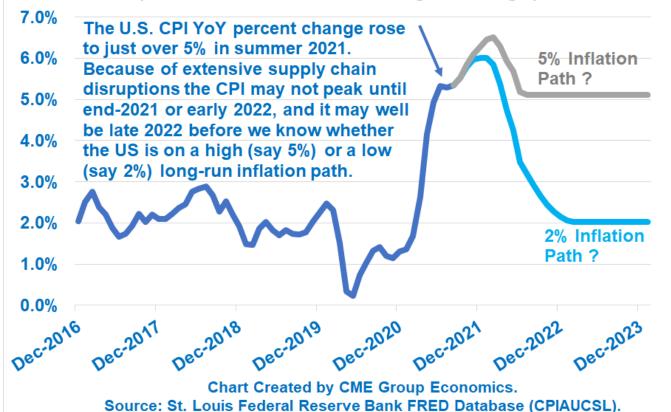
During the pandemic workers had time to re-assess their work-life balance, ponder alternative careers, think about retirement, etc.



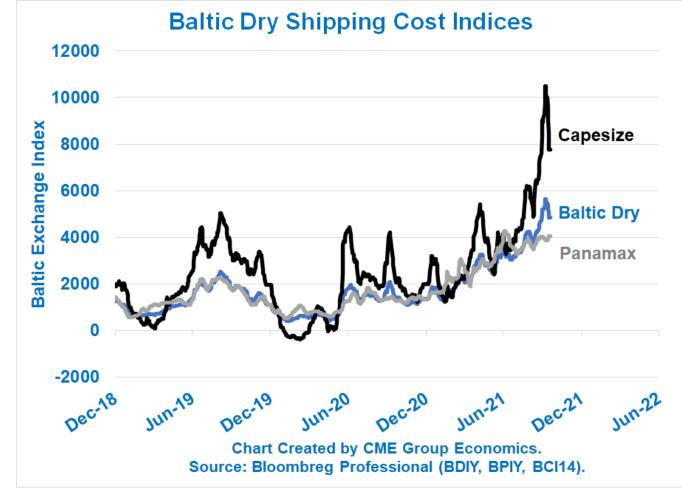
Job openings are also elevated.

The economy is re-opening and workers are quitting. The labor market is very active.

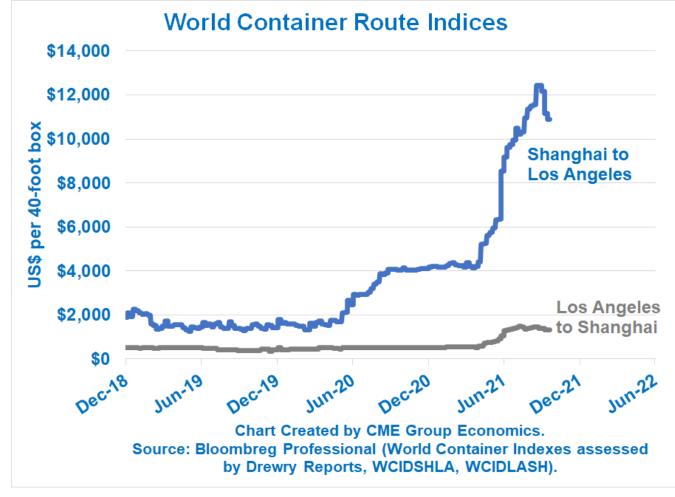
U.S. Consumer Price Inflation Scenarios (Year over Year Percentage Change)



Supply chain disruptions have been severe and led to sharp increases in the U.S. inflation rate. We may not know until late 2022 as to whether this is temporary or more persistent.



One example of supply chain disruptions is the rising costs of shipping.



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Example: Knock-on Effects

Computer chip shortage

Less automobile production

Soaring used car prices

Higher consumer price inflation

Is it complicated or complex?

Some very complicated engineering accomplishments (i.e., space tourism, driverless vehicles) can still have highly accurate predictability.

Complex systems involve many feedback loops and usually are highly sensitive to initial conditions.

Complex systems, especially when under-going a state change, are highly resistant to reliable predictability.

Dynamic Analysis: Why Bayes?



Form an expectation of the direction and magnitude of the future price move and make a probabilistic risk assessment.

Receive new information.

Revise expectations of both the price move and the risks.

Adjust one's behavior (portfolio) accordingly.

Economics Gone Astray

Inappropriate use of mathematics

Reliance on overly heroic assumptions

Failure to appreciate behavioral dynamics and complex systems

Emphasis on linear extrapolations and bellshaped probability distributions in a decidedly non-linear, non-normal world.

Explorations into market liquidity during an event risk episode

Brexit Referendum 2016, US 2016 Elections

Outcome Discovery Period (price gap, elevated trading activity, higher bid/ask spreads than typical)

Followed by portfolio rebalancing (price stabilizes at new level, yet trading volumes remain elevated, bid/ask spreads more typical)

Article: "Describing the dynamic nature of transactions costs during political event risk episodes", by Putnam, McDannel, Ayikara, and Peyyalamitta, in *High Frequency*, October 2017.

Market Sentiment Meter (MSM)

Building hypothetical risk-return probability distributions that are not biased towards single-mode solutions and distribution independent

Put-Call options volumes disparities

Unusual high-Low intraday price activity

Implied volatility versus recent historical volatility comparisons

Implied volatility from different options maturities

Mixture distribution of a naïve Normal with an enhanced Normal derived from internal market metrics

Backward process - Built system - Then studying its usefulness



CME Market Sentiment Meter States

https://www.cmegroup.com/tools-information/market-sentiment-meter.html

Market Sentiments

The Market Sentiment Meter focuses on four risk profiles common in the futures markets. Below are the illustrative charts that match the sentiment states.

COMPLACENT



Rare
Low level of market anxiety

BALANCED



Common Normal level of market anxiety

ANXIOUS

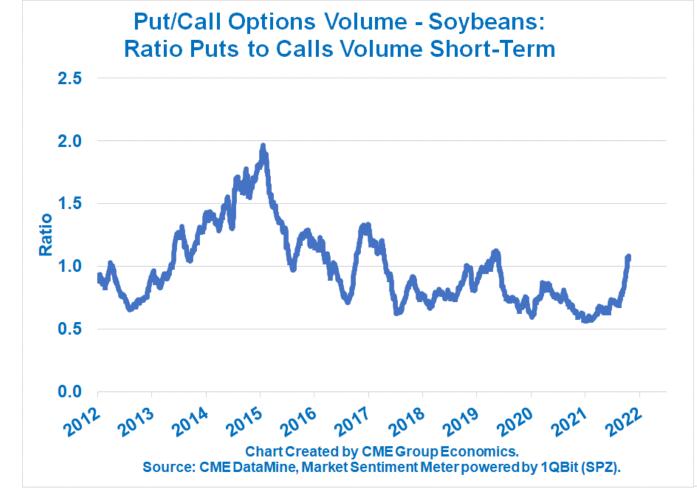


Rare High level of market anxiety

CONFLICTED



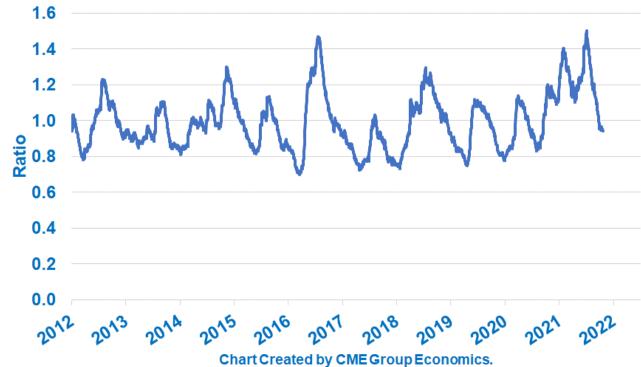
Extremely Rare
Price gap anxiety



Put-Call Volume chart



Intraday High/Low - Soybeans: Ratio Short-Term High/Low Spread to Long-Term

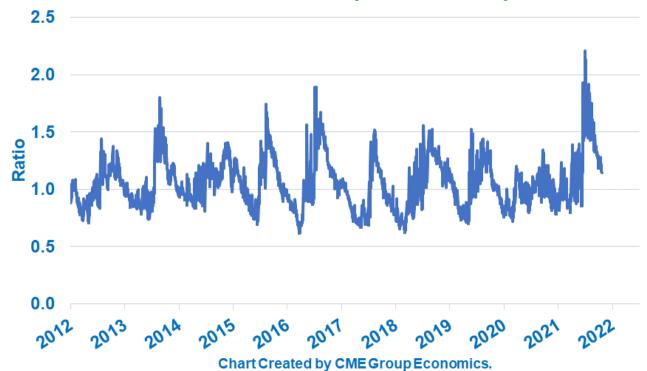


Source: CME DataMine, Market Sentiment Meter powered by 1QBit (SPZ).

Intraday Trading Chart



Volatility - Soybeans: Ratio Short-Term Historical Standard Deviation to Current Implied Volatility



Implied volatility versus recent historical volatility

Source: CME DataMine, Market Sentiment Meter powered by 1QBit (SPZ).

Momentum - Soybeans: Short-Term and Long-Term Return Trends

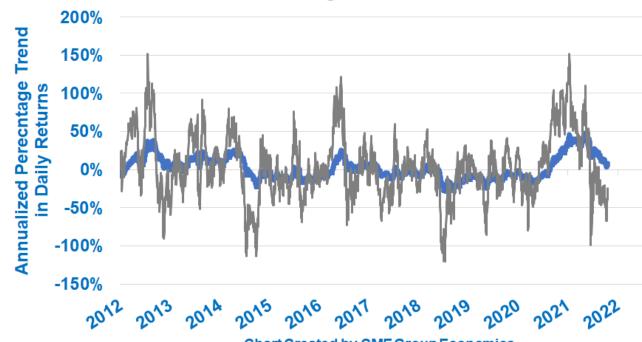
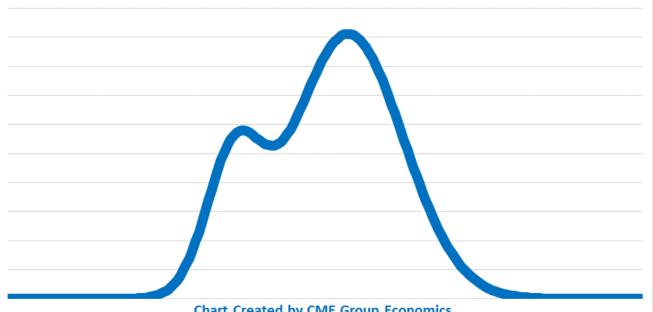


Chart Created by CME Group Economics.
Source: CME DataMine, Market Sentiment Meter (SPZ).

- -Long-Term Smoothed Return Momentum Annualized
- -Short-Term Smoothed Return Momentum Annualized

Momentum

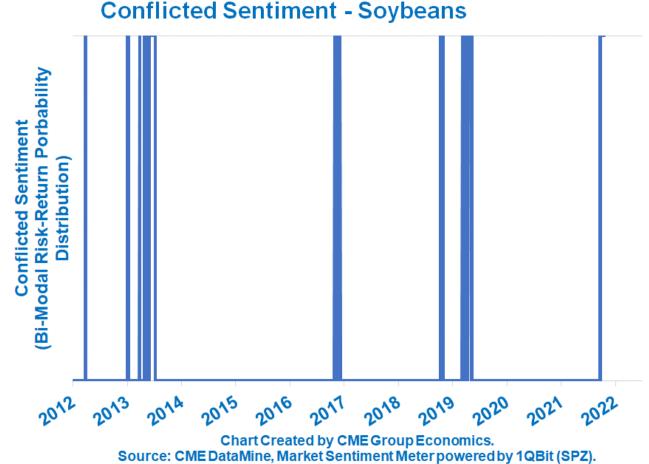
Soybeans: October 25, 2021 Market Sentiment Meter **Hypothetical Risk-Return Probability Distribution**



Current "Conflicted" Markets: Corn and Soybeans

Chart Created by CME Group Economics.

Source: CME DataMine, Market Sentiment Meter powered by 1QBit (spz)



"Conflicted" **Markets for** Soybeans are episodic.



Syukuro Manabe, Klaus Hasselmann and Giorgio Parisi (Illustration: Niklas Elmehed for Nobel Prize Outreach®)

The Nobel Prize in **Physics** was awarded to Syukuro Manabe, Klauss Hasselmann, and Giorgio Parisi "for groundbreaking contributions to our understanding of complex systems."

Peering through the lens of Complex systems and phase transitions.

What makes a complex system? Why does complexity matter? **Searching for Anomalies which might lead to** price gaps, non-linear behavior, unexpected transitions, etc. **Examining complexity from the science,** to applications in economics and finance, to shaping actual investment strategies.

Thank you.

